

IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. – 12. (Cancelled).

13. (Currently Amended) A method for making a plurality of different types of dispensers, the method comprising:

providing a plurality of housings having essentially identical constructions, each housing comprising:

- (i) at least a first opening and a second opening spaced apart from the first opening, each opening having a thickness, ~~the thickness of the first opening being smaller than the thickness of the second opening~~, and
- (ii) a corner defined by ~~two intersecting first and second walls intersecting at an angle~~, the first opening being provided on ~~one of the walls~~ ~~the first wall immediately adjacent the corner~~,

providing a number of wound rolls of a first type of supply substrate, the first type of supply substrate including a release liner with relatively thin articles and an adhesive releasably adhering the relatively thin articles to the release liner, the first type of supply substrate being thinner than the first opening;

providing a number of wound rolls of a second type of supply substrate, the second type of supply substrate being relatively thicker than the first type of supply substrate, but being thinner than the thickness of the second opening;

mounting the wound rolls of the first type of supply substrate to a first corresponding number of the housings and extending an unwound lead end portion of the each first type of supply substrate within each of the first corresponding number of housings generally parallel to the second wall thereof and then outwardly through the first openings opening of each of the first corresponding number of housings, thereby enabling the lead end portions to be bent over the corners of the housings for de-laminating the relatively thin articles through the first openings;

mounting the wound rolls of the second type of supply substrate to a second corresponding number of the housings and extending an unwound lead end portion of the

second type of supply substrate outwardly through the second openings of the second corresponding number of housings.

14. (Original) A method according to claim 13, wherein the first type of supply substrates is selected from the group consisting of (i) a wound adhesive tab substrate including a release liner and a plurality of substrate tabs with adhesive aggressively adhered on each side thereof, the tabs being releasably adhered on the release liner, and (ii) a photo corner substrate including a release liner and a plurality of photo corners with adhesive aggressively adhered on the photo corners and releasably adhered to the release liner.

15. (Original) A method according to claim 13, wherein the second type of supply substrate is selected from the group consisting of (i) a magnet making substrate including a flexible magnetized substrate with adhesive aggressively adhered thereon, and (ii) a solidified adhesive member substrate including a release liner and a plurality of solidified, relatively thick members formed of solidified adhesive and releasably adhered to the liner.

16. (Original) A method according to claim 14, wherein the second type of supply substrate is selected from the group consisting of (i) a magnet making substrate including a flexible magnetized substrate with adhesive aggressively adhered thereon, and (ii) a solidified adhesive member substrate including a release liner and a plurality of solidified, relatively thick members formed of solidified adhesive and releasably adhered to the liner.

17. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 13, further comprising mounting a cutter to in the second opening of the first corresponding number of housings, the cutter providing a cutting edge for cutting the first type of adhesive substrate.

18. (Original) A method according to claim 17, wherein the first type of supply substrate is an adhesive tape including a backing with adhesive aggressively adhered thereon.

19. (Cancelled).

20. (New) A method according to claim 13, wherein the thickness of the first opening is smaller than the thickness of the second opening.